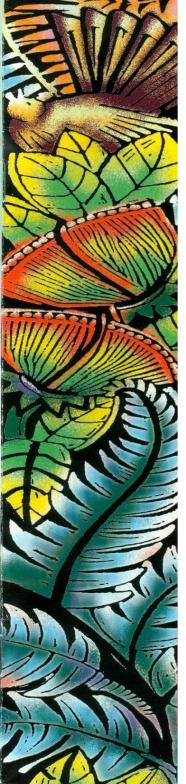
2019 Semester 1 FACULTY OF EDUCATION AND SOCIAL WORK





Bachelor of Education (Teaching) Primary Specialisation

Practicum Brief: Part B

EDPRAC 305 Enabling Achievement: Primary 3

EDPRAC 305 PRACTICUM					
Placement Details					
Student name					
School & Class					
Principal					
Associate Teacher					
Professional Supervisor	Student teacher to n	nake contact prior to Part B of this practicum			
EDF	PRAC 305 Part B on-camp	ous sessions			
Semester 1/2 EDPRAC 305	Compulsory On campus dates	Part A practicum dates (4 or 5 weeks as per your official notification from the Practicum Office). Part A is for a			
Ten weeks assessed practicum	Monday 11 February (E/TT)	period of 15 days and starts from the day children start school.			
15-20 <i>consecutive days</i> full responsibility for the	Tuesday 12 February (MIT)	Part B practicum dates begin when you have completed the 15 days for Part A.			
learning programme.	Plus FIVE on campus sessions during Semester 1	Part B then continues later in semester 1 as per your official notification from the Practicum Office.			
Student teachers please n					
 Your on-campus classes are structured to prepare you for your practicum experiences out is schools. These classes are an important and integral part of preparing you for the practicur and your future teaching profession. Students who miss lectures and/or workshops are ofter inadequately prepared for their practicums. We reserve the right to not allow you a place is practicum where we determine that you are not sufficiently prepared. This could result if failure of the practicum course in which you are enrolled. Should exceptional circumstance arise regarding attendance, students need to contact their practicum course lecturer directly a soon as possible. English Language Skills Assessment: DELNA Requirements Students who have not met this language requirement will not be able to go out on the final 					
	r information please refer to the pro				
During practicum Student	Teachers must have their studer	nt ID cards with them at all times.			
School colleagues please	note:				
class. Such requests important that studer and to receive feedba It is a Ministry of E employed teacher at the associate teache responsibility for wha and how to get hold o	a are not appropriate and can import teachers are provided with opport ack about their professional growth ducation requirement that a class all times when a student teacher i pr/or delegated alternate maintains at occurs in that room. The student of them if they need them.	s remains under the supervision of an is placed in the school. This means that the <i>in loco parentis</i> role and carries the teacher must know where this person is			
	d meetings on school sites are only aff. There can be no exceptions.	y able to include student teachers,			

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Faculty of Education Practicum Contacts

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The purpose of EDPRAC 305 Part B

The central focus of EDPRAC 305B is to create and sustain purposeful learning that enables achievement for all learners. It has a specific focus on:

- □ the student teacher's own teaching in relation to contextual factors
- □ the student teacher's effective communication and relationships with children, colleagues, families and whānau
- □ how pedagogical practice optimises children's learning and is informed by theory, research and practice

Practicum learning outcomes are based upon four recurring themes:

- □ forming professional relationships including effective communication
- focusing on purposeful teaching and learning
- being a professional teacher in Aotearoa New Zealand
- understanding the complexity of the teacher's role and the educational context
- the behaviour and dispositions expected of professional teachers in Aotearoa New Zealand

Overview of requirements - 10 week placement in school

EDPRAC 305 student teachers will be required to work towards fully taking on the teacher's role and to take full responsibility of the programme for a **minimum of 15-20 consecutive days**.

Full-responsibility during EDPRAC 305 requires the student teacher to take on the organising, managing, planning for and teaching of the class in the associate teacher's place - using the associate teacher's long-term plans and assessment information as a foundation for this. It is important that student teachers work in collaboration with their associate teachers to interpret the long term plans and construct a teaching/learning programme for the 15 - 20 days that clearly shows a 'flavour' which is their own. This must not, however, compromise the intent and aim of the associate teacher's long-term plans.

Preparing for provisional certification as a teacher

This final practicum is an opportunity for a student teacher to synthesise his/her learning from their BEd (Tchg) programme and to **prepare for their beginning years as a provisionally certificated teacher** (PCT). During EDPRAC 305 student teachers are expected to demonstrate high quality pedagogical practice that is consistent with the Teaching Council's Graduating Teacher Standards (GTS).

Specific requirements have been kept to a minimum to enable each student teacher to work in a self-directed manner that involves professional decision making, moral choice and ethical practice. While the student teacher and associate teacher will work in collaboration to plan and organise the student teacher's programme, each student teacher is **now expected to take greater responsibility** for reflecting upon practice and determining their own professional growth.

EDPRAC 305 Part A reviewed

Part A had no formal summative assessment, however, **on-going, explicit, formative discussion with the associate teacher** was essential to the student teacher's ability to **explore the roles and responsibilities of a teacher** within the class, syndicate, school and community, and to review their own progress and demonstrate readiness to proceed with EDPRAC 305 Part B.

Overview of on-campus sessions: EDPRAC 305 Part A

On-campus content	Key references
 Overview of EDPRAC 305 Part A tasks - Defining and dealing with ethical dilemmas. Focused observation including notice, recognise and responding to 	 Alton-Lee, A. (2003). Quality teaching for diverse students in schooling Best Evidence Synthesis iteration (BES): Wellington: Ministry of Education. McGee, C., & Fraser, D. (Eds.). (2012). The professional practice of teaching (4th ed.). Melbourne: Cengage Learning.
 learners. Evidence/GTS: What does this mean for my practice? Developing a reflective e-journal 	http://educationcouncil.org.nz/

Overview of on-campus sessions: EDPRAC 305 Part B

Content focus

Part A review, Part B

The inquiry-led teacher

The inquiry-led teacher

Learners and their learning needs - focused observation

The inquiry-led teacher

Managing the learning environment for optimal learning

The inquiry-led teacher

Using evidence of practice to demonstrate meeting the GTS

The inquiry-led teacher

The critically reflective teacher - adaptive expertise

C	EARNING OUTCOMES & P	LEARNING OUTCOMES & PROFESSIONAL EXPECTATIONS	S
St ag	udent teacher self-assessment, and a ainst the following learning outcome	ssociate teacher / professional supervisor r s with reference to the assessment criteria. I	Student teacher self-assessment, and associate teacher / professional supervisor report documentation should provide student-specific evidence of achievement against the following learning outcomes with reference to the assessment criteria. Examples of professional expectations have been provided.
-	Learning Outcomes	Assessment Criteria	Professional Indicators
	e effectively and estal	ive communication within t	Student teachers who communicate effectively:
	professional relationships within the professional educational community	educational community of the school is maintained consistently and critically reflected	□ write, speak and read fluently and accurately in English or Māori
		upon	and, for example:
	Key question		□ adjust communications to consider purpose, audience, context or need (e.g. first language)
	How do you use communication to	1.2 effective professional relationships within the educational community of the school are	use appropriate listening skills/body language
	establish and maintain effective	maintained consistently and critically reflected	Student teachers who establish effective professional relationships:
		upon	work collaboratively and positively
	GTS: aspects of 4, 6 and 7		treat children and adults with respect
			develop equitable, culturally responsive relationships
			Critically reflect on effectiveness of their own wananga
			Critically reflect on their demonstration of whanaungatanga, manaakitanga and tangata whenuatanga and their ability to establish and maintain professional relationships within the class and school community.
			Take responsibility for ensuring that any areas for improvement are identified, discussed and enacted.
			Embrace and initiate opportunities to connect with wider school community.

											2
Planning must be presented to the AT						GTS: aspects of 1, 2, 4, 5	How is your pedagogical practice justified through research, theory, experience and a personal philosophy?	Key question	practice that enables rearring and achievement	trate effective pedago	Learning Outcomes
Planning must be presented to the AT in advance of teaching. Failure to do this in sufficient tim	2.7 pedagogical practice is critically reflected upon and refined in relation to an emerging personal, professional philosophy	2.6 strategies for managing the learning environment are ethically selected, effectively implemented and critically evaluated	(across a range of curriculum areas) with multiple groups and whole class	2.5 extended teaching/learning experiences are effectively planned, implemented and evaluated	analysed and evaluated through a range of assessment procedures	eness in enab	2.3 teaching is characterised by inclusive practice using a variety of thoughtfully selected learning and teaching approaches which are evaluated in terms	2.2 bicultural practices and diversity are evident when planning for learning and demonstrated in teaching practice	d policy documents and initia	2.1 planning is informed by analysed assessment information, curricula and content knowledge,	Assessment Criteria
ent time for modification may mean that the ST cannot proceed with teaching.	Take full responsibility for the teacher role planning, teaching and managing the learning programme in the associate teacher's place for at least 15-20 consecutive days.	Enhance children's social and cultural competence by designing and monitoring activities that promote engagement, positive behaviour and sense of belonging and self-worth.	Implement appropriate strategies to create physical, social, emotional and cultural safety and provide a safe learning environment that reinforces school policy.	Utilise the New Zealand Curriculum, 2007, school and policy documents effectively in practice.	Critically reflect on practice and developing pedagogy.	Institution and a second to avoid and a facture of a bildram's learning response theories	Use knowledge of individual learners, supported by assessment information to inform planning and teaching that optimises learning and achievement for the children in the class. Consciously plan and use pedagogy to engage Māori learners and cater for their needs.	Address children's identified 'next steps' through assessment, further observation and/or planning, teaching and evaluating.	Observe, assess, plan, teach, evaluate and discuss children's learning over repeated cycles	Student teachers who demonstrate effective pedagogical practice:	Professional Indicators

Assessment Criteria	Professional Indicators
3.1 professionalism and professional agency are	Student teachers who demonstrate appropriate professional responsibilities:
appropriately exercised and critically reflected upon	demonstrate their professional responsibility as a junior colleague including using initiative, being consistently punctual and well-prepared
3.2 responsibilities to Māori learners are recognised and implications for own practice are actioned and	maintain professional documentation as a teacher and professional document involvement in own learning
evaluated critically	
	☐ inquiry into their own practice; proactively engage in regular professional discussion (asking questions) and critically reflect on own practice
3.3 'next steps' for practicum-related professional learning are identified through own and others'	demonstrate understanding of how professional standards and dispositions as required by the Teaching Council of Aotearoa New Zealand apply to them
	 developing and addressing 'next steps' in own learning (with support from the associate teacher)
3.4 opportunities for professional growth are initiated, actioned and critically reflected upon	is able to articulate a teaching philosophy that reflects their commitment to, and high expectations for, Maori learners succeeding as Maori.
	Assessment Criteria 3.1 professionalism and professional agency are appropriately exercised and critically reflected upon 3.2 responsibilities to Māori learners are recognised and implications for own practice are actioned and evaluated critically 3.2 'next store' for practicum related professional

4			
Critically analyse effectiveness of contextual school/community	alyse own teaching and the of own responses to factors in the unity	4.1 social, cultural and political influences impacting on pedagogical practice are critically reflected upon in relation to professional decision making and personal practice	Student teachers who demonstrate their understanding of contextual factors: Demonstrate an understanding of the relationship between the classroom, school and community when making decisions about teaching/learning and assessment.
			Demonstrate an understanding of social, cultural and political influences when making decisions about teaching/learning and assessment.
Key question		4.2 legislative requirements and school policies are discussed and implemented	Initiates discussion with the associate teacher, the principal and other professional colleagues about the different ways the wider school environment/community impacts on
consider and	spond to When		the teacher's role.
environments?	;? ;?		Explains ways that Ministry of Education and school policies influence their own decision making and practice. For example:
OTS: apport	י ה ט		parent/whānau/community expectations
Aleo consider Step	Chandarda 6 and 7		NEGs and the National Standards
Also consider	Aiso consider standards 6 and 7		

Requirements for EDPRAC 305 Part B

Beginning Part B of EDPRAC 305: Prep	paring for effective teaching/learning
Student Teacher (ST)	Associate Teacher (AT)
Assigned requirements are designed to help you to create and sustain purposeful learning that enables achievement for all learners and to assist you to prepare for your beginning years as a provisionally certificated teacher (PCT). You are now required to take greater responsibility for designing and planning your own professional activity.	 practicum requirements and support the ST to gain a realistic sense of the full role of a teacher create opportunities for the ST to meet the requirements of the practicum
Consider what information you now need to collect to enhance your knowledge about:	review the ST's draft goal from Part A
 The children/class (do you need to amend your class description?) 	 discuss with the ST his/her next steps for professional learning
 the school the community school polices/practice 	 provide opportunities for the ST to assess children's learning
 school polices/practice legal requirements National Standards 	 support the ST to interpret what s/he sees and hears
In what areas have significant changes occurred since your earlier time in the class/school?	 ensure the ST assess some children, in some curriculum areas, and does this at a deeper level
What did you notice earlier? What do you notice now?	 discuss the ST's understanding of his/her assessment and analysis
In what ways can you extend/build upon prior learning about your selected children and adapt what you have learnt to consider other children in the class? Continue to collect/add data about individuals and	ansura the ST is demonstrating that
consider how cumulative data shows change?	 check the ST is maintaining purposeful assessment information and other
What do you need to observe again and for what purpose?	appropriate records, with a focus on children's learning and achievement
What do you now need to know? Discuss when and how you will collect this information?	 check the ST's file is a purposeful and realistic working document
How will you record important information?	Student teachers are expected to maintain a high standard of documentation as would be
To assist your observations refer to the:	expected of a professional.
 key questions that are linked to the learning outcomes Practicum Handbook TC's Graduating Teacher Standards 	

Observing, planning, t	Observing, planning, teaching, assessing, evaluating and reflecting							
Student teacher		As	sociate t	eacher and professional supervisor				
You should now have understanding planning process and have become planning expectations and formats or	familiar with	0		is documenting both short- term planning.				
 practicum school. Document longer term plans that to the short term (daily/weekly) pressure of term (daily/weekly) pressur	t are linked	0		amples of planning appropriate practicum requirements and with classroom / school ons				
 On-going evaluation of children's and your own teaching should be your preparation and practice the your period of full close recommender 	e part of roughout	0	responsib	he ST to work towards being ble for all planning, as expected her in the syndicate.				
your period of full-class respons Analysis of children's assessme information will contribute to this	nt process.	0	to adapt	ST is demonstrating an ability syndicate plans to the specific needs of the children in the				
 Planning should allow for manageability and sustainability. Initially your associate teacher may work collaboratively with you to support your planning (for example to identify/discuss achievement objectives, learning outcomes/learning intentions, assessment strategies and ways to 				iscuss with the ST his/her justifications or the decisions that s/he has made.				
			Provide regular oral and written feedback on the ST's teaching to guide the ST's ongoing professional learning					
assessment strategies and ways to document assessment).		 Provide opportunities for the ST to try out new ideas and reflect on his/her practice 						
Professional documentation for EDPRAC			Check the	e ST has set up a planning				
 305 (set up in Part A): provides evidence that that year 	au hava		folder in F					
considered assessment information				e ST is maintaining				
 children and their achievement to inform planning and teaching, and to differentiate for their needs contributes evidence towards successful achievement of the learning outcomes and 				ntation that resembles a				
			 beginning teacher's planning folder, Negotiate regular times for discussion 					
			Negoliale	regular times for discussion				
the ECGTS		NOTE	: 'beginnir	ng teacher' independence is				
 enables you to report/share y with others 	our learning		-	eve Learning Outcome 2.				
Documentation that is *likely to be in a	student teach							
\checkmark class description, special features, or	anisation			ing (lesson series) prmation and record keeping				
√ school setting, special features, organ		√ focu	ssed observ	vations and analysis of the data				
 school policies/procedures as appropriation short term (daily/weekly) planning personal professional goals, action reflections for future reflections 	late		uations/refle DSW inform	ections nation/guide notes				
reflections for future reference Student teachers	Professiona	l super	visor	Associate teachers				
Teachers set their documentation up	Ways in which	n the stu	udent	Student teachers should take the				
5	teacher share with the profe			lead from you/ the school's expectations.				
	should be disc			Permission should be obtained				
	in the practicu			to collect any records.				
NOTE: The school, AT and children should not be identifiable on records								

Discussion with the principal and other professional colleagues

Student teacher

It is anticipated that during each practicum the principal (or representative) is able to meet with you to discuss the broader dimensions of school life that impact on the teaching role. You should be prepared with your own questions for discussion, **record a brief summary** of the responses and critically reflect on the influences on your practice.

Associate teacher and professional supervisor

- engage in professional discussions with the ST on the wider aspects of school life
- discuss with the ST his/her personal beliefs and practices which inform the teaching/learning decisions s/he make.

When meeting with the principal (and/or other school leader/s) discuss the wider aspects of school life such as:

- □ the school mission and vision and the way that these influence decisions and practices
- □ the teacher's role/responsibility as a professional, and as a beginning teacher (including legal, ethical and administration responsibilities)
- □ the role of a tutor teacher and performance management processes to support and monitor professional growth
- □ how the New Zealand Curriculum (MOE, 2007) and key competencies are being implemented within the school/class programmes
- the ways bicultural and diversity concerns are addressed and catered for (e.g. policy/practices to provide for achievement of Māori learners, special ability/needs children)
- □ the school policies/procedures relating to assessment (recording and reporting)
- □ the implementation and implications of the National Standards
- □ expectations of you as a beginning teacher

Use opportunities to discuss with your associate teacher and other professional colleagues:

- the complexity of the teacher's role and how this is managed (balance, flexibility, resources, time, decision making)
- administration concerns for which a teacher is accountable
- the social, cultural, ethical and political factors that impact on personal practice and decision-making
- the New Zealand Curriculum (MOE, 2007); key competencies and their integration into the class programme
- the school discipline plan the expectations and responsibilities of the teachers
- the different ways that learning environments are established and maintained to ensure academic, social, cultural and emotional wellbeing
- How ICT is utilised in your school to optimise learning

EDPRAC 305 student teachers are required to demonstrate independence when generating questions and discussion topics with their professional colleagues.

Evaluating and reflecting

Evaluation and reflection are integral to effective teaching and learning. Student teachers completing EDPRAC 305 should have already made the cyclical process of 'teaching as inquiry' part of their practice. Effective evaluation and reflection are required to achieve Learning Outcomes 1, 2, 3 and 4 and to meet Teaching Council's Graduating Teacher Standard Five.

Role of the AT and PS:

- encourage the ST to engage in ongoing professional discussions about his/her practice.
- engage with the ST's reflective journal at multiple points during the practicum. For example, providing constructive feedback, asking questions that prompt critical thinking and reflection.

Stud	lent teacher
	You might take some of the following into account:
During EDPRAC 305: <u>Critical r</u> eflection will be a regular part of your practice. These reflections will be recorded in an ongoing journal shared with your professional supervisor and associate teacher throughout Part B. The wider historical, social, political, and/or cultural contexts that influence your beliefs and practice should be examined at these times.	 beliefs and assumptions that might be influencing your thinking and actions what you consider important/value the theories of teaching and learning which support your practice what you do to foster social competence how you justify the teaching strategies that you use how you provide purposeful learning for all children what do bicultural practice and differentiated learning mean to you How do you know that children have learned?
Towards the end of EDPRAC 305 Part B:	Think about what you now believe about how students learn best and what this means for your future practice.
 Write and discuss your final reflection about this practicum experience and what you have learned about preparing to be an effective Beginning Teacher. Upload this reflection to your e-Portfolio. What future action is required between now and the beginning of your first teaching position? 	 what you have noticed about yourself as a teacher what you have noticed about children's learning what you have noticed about the significance of relationships (with children and with adults) how you know whether you have been effective what you have noticed about the nature of ethical dilemmas encountered and the factors that you
DESCRIBE – What happened? What did I do? - succinctly describe what occurred CONSIDER PERSPECTIVES – Why did I act/respond in this way? How did this make me feel? How were others affected?	Student teachers use this framework during all practicum to support their developing skill in reflective practice; following the model carefully and with professional supervisor guidance during EDPRAC 101 through to deeper, critically reflective independent work during EDPRAC 305.
- carefully consider your own and others' perspectives	(Practicum Handbook)
UNDERSTAND – What do I now understand about myself as a teacher? What has informed my understanding? - make links to literature, theory, and discussions with your associate teacher and other colleagues	This framework acknowledges and synthesises the work of key literature in this field (Brookfield, 1995; Korthagen & Vasalos, 2009; Peters, 1991; Smyth, 1989).
ACT – What actions could I have taken? Why? What action/s will I take in future? - consider different possible actions, then briefly outline your selected action plan	Evidence of this framework should be clearly visible in your e-journal.

Assessment of EDPRAC 305

The provisional assessment of the student teacher's performance against the practicum learning outcomes (referenced to the New Zealand Teaching Council's Graduating Teacher Standards) is discussed and confirmed during a **three-way professional conversation** towards the end of the practicum. The ST, AT and PS will contribute his/her informed professional judgement of the ST's achievement in relation to the learning outcomes, as demonstrated through the assessment criteria.

Notes for the student teacher

Please read the pages related to assessment of EDPRAC 305 carefully. The practicum is assessed against the learning outcomes on pp. 5-8

□ **You** will lead a professional discussion relating to the link between your achievement of the practicum learning outcomes and your ability to demonstrate the related New Zealand Teaching Council's Graduating Teacher Standards.

For the professional conversation you are required to:

- effectively communicate your knowledge, skills and dispositions.
- provide evidence that you meet the four learning outcomes of EDPRAC 305 (giving reference to **evidence from this practicum** uploaded to your e-portfolio)
- present and discuss
 - the student teacher self-assessment report form
 - and (for example):
 - documentation of observations, planning, teaching, assessment, evaluations, and reflections
 - records of self-determined professional activity
 - examples of children's work

The evidence that you discuss from this practicum during the professional conversation must be drawn from your e-portfolio. The evidence you select will support your justification about how your demonstration of the Teaching Council's Graduating Teacher Standards indicates your readiness to teach.

Preparation for your professional conversation:

 select evidence from your e-portfolio folder that demonstrates your readiness for provisional certification as a teacher (p.3); evidence that you are demonstrating the New Zealand Teaching Council's Graduating Teacher Standards.

It is appropriate for your associate teacher and/or other staff members to help you to think about your preparation for this discussion. **However, you are expected to lead the discussion**, as this is the time that you describe in depth and demonstrate why and how you are ready to be a beginning teacher.

- Your **evidence** should be selected from different sources eg: observer feedback, planning, photographs and student work.
- You must include evidence gained from someone who has observed your practice (eg: associate teacher lesson feedback, professional supervisor lesson feedback, final report comments).

NOTE: Final course grades are moderated/confirmed by the practicum coordinator and course director prior to release at the end of the semester.

Notes for the associate teacher

It is important that this final assessment is rigorous as this is the credentialing practicum.

The **practicum is assessed against the learning outcomes**. We have provided practice indicators on to support your consideration of the evidence that informs your recommendation regarding this assessment.

Note: When a student teacher passes EDPRAC 305 a judgment is being made that they exhibit 'beginning teacher' independence.

For the professional conversation:

- provide justified assessment of the ST's achievement against the practicum learning outcome
- complete the associate teacher section of the assessment report as part of the professional conversation process
- · consider previous:
 - open, timely and constructive communication with the ST in regard to his/her progress against the learning outcomes
 - regular oral and written feedback on the ST's practice
- encourage and support the ST's preparation, arrange availability at a negotiated times
- encourage and support the ST to take the lead in his/her professional conversation
- ask at least one 'interview-type' question to conclude (refer suggestions below)

The student teacher should not have prior notice of which question/s will be asked.

Suitable interview questions for the AT (or their designate) to ask:

- What does diversity mean to you in relation to community and learning needs and how has this been evident in your own practice?
- What do you consider to be the foundation of effective teaching and learning and how has this been evident in your own practice?
- What is your understanding of effective behaviour management and how has this been evident in your own practice?
- What do you know about raising student achievement and how has this been evident in your own practice?
- What do you consider to be the role of a teacher in communicating with children's parents/caregivers and how has this been evident in your own practice?
- What personal and professional attributes do you consider are necessary for a graduating teacher's successful integration into the staff of a school in New Zealand today and how has this been evident in your own practice?

NOTE: The student teacher should be able to effectively and independently communicate his/her knowledge, skills and dispositions.

<u>Provisional judgement</u> about pass/fail occurs, and is **confirmed by the professional** supervisor, once the practicum has been completed.

NOTE: Final course grades are moderated/confirmed by the practicum coordinator and course director prior to release to the student teacher at the end of the semester.

Notes for the professional supervisor

Please familiarise yourself with your role leading the assessment procedures for EDPRAC **305.** Please refer to the **Practicum Handbook** and the **EDPRAC 305 Brief** regarding assessment of the learning outcomes, the professional conversation, the Teaching Council's Graduating Teacher Standards and e-portfolio expectations. The practicum is assessed against the learning outcomes.

It is important that this final <u>assessment is rigorous</u> as this is the credentialing practicum. **Practice indicators** are provided to assist you in considering the evidence that informs your decision. Honest PS feedback in an on-going manner (both oral and written) through the practicum is critical.

The ability to demonstrate practice reflective of an emerging beginning teacher as they conclude EDPRAC 305 is a critical indicator that a student teacher is ready to graduate.

When a student teacher passes EDPRAC 305 a judgment is being made that they exhibit 'beginning teacher' independence.

For the professional conversation:

- consider previous:
 - open, timely and constructive communication with the student teacher in regard to his/her progress against the learning outcomes
 - written notes from observations of a minimum of two lessons (with at least one observation being approximately 45 minutes and across a transition in the class programme)
- indicate a **justified provisional assessment** of the practicum learning outcomes that incorporates consideration of the Teaching Council's Graduating Teacher Standards
- · ensure that a suitable time for the conversation is arranged
- arrange availability at the negotiated time
- encourage and support the ST and AT to participate in their roles, and support the 'interview-type' question process at the conclusion of the professional conversation. The student teacher should not have prior notice of which question/s will be asked.

Arrangements for this meeting often require some flexibility. Please negotiate a suitable time for you all (the ST, AT and PS). If this is not possible to arrange for you all to meet together, please make an appropriate alternative arrangement and note this on the Assessment Report. Alternative arrangements must enable the ST to fulfil the requirements of the professional conversation.

Note: The ST should be able to effectively communicate his/her knowledge, skills and dispositions.

<u>Provisional judgement</u> about pass/fail occurs, and is confirmed by the professional supervisor, once the practicum has been completed.

The professional supervisor documents the grade for the practicum placement requirement of the course on the Report Form and includes a recommendation for future development.

Please **complete all sections** of the report **in full.** Many student teachers make use of your comments in their CVs and as evidence for their e-portfolio.

Student teacher, associate teacher, professional supervisor

Final validation of the student teacher's e-portfolio record of their demonstration of the Teaching Council's Graduating Teacher Standards will occur at the Bachelor of Education (Teaching) Primary Programme forum following this practicum. EDPRAC 305 practicum makes an important contribution to this final validation.

NOTE: Final course grades are moderated/confirmed by the practicum coordinator and course director prior to release to the student teacher at the end of the semester.

Graduating Teacher Standards: Aotearoa New Zealand

These standards recognise that the Treaty of Waitangi extends equal status and rights to Maori and Pakeha alike.

Graduates entering the profession will understand the critical role teachers play in enabling the educational achievement of all learners. (Refer <u>https://educationcouncil.org.nz</u>)

Professional Knowledge

Standard One: Graduating Teachers know what to teach

- a. have content knowledge appropriate to the learners and learning areas of their programme.
- b. have pedagogical content knowledge appropriate to the learners and learning areas of their programme.
- c. have knowledge of the relevant curriculum documents of Aotearoa New Zealand.
- d. have content and pedagogical content knowledge for supporting English as an Additional Language (EAL) learners to succeed in the curriculum.

Standard Two: Graduating Teachers know about learners and how they learn

- a. have knowledge of a range of relevant theories and research about pedagogy, human development and learning.
- b. have knowledge of a range of relevant theories, principles and purposes of assessment and evaluation.
- c. know how to develop metacognitive strategies of diverse learners.
- d. know how to select curriculum content appropriate to the learners and the learning context.

Standard Three: Graduating Teachers understand how contextual factors influence teaching and learning

- a. have an understanding of the complex influences that personal, social, and cultural factors may have on teachers and learners.
- b. have knowledge of tikanga and te reo Māori to work effectively within the bicultural contexts of Aotearoa New Zealand.
- c. have an understanding of education within the bicultural, multicultural, social, political, economic and historical contexts of Aotearoa New Zealand.

Professional Practice

Standard Four: Graduating Teachers use professional knowledge to plan for a safe, high quality teaching and learning environment

- a. draw upon content knowledge and pedagogical content knowledge when planning, teaching and evaluating.
- b. use and sequence a range of learning experiences to influence and promote learner achievement.
- c. demonstrate high expectations of all learners, focus on learning and recognise and value diversity.
- d. demonstrate proficiency in oral and written language (Māori and/or English), in numeracy and in ICT relevant to their professional role.
- e. use te reo Māori me ngā tikanga-a-iwi appropriately in their practice.
- f. demonstrate commitment to and strategies for promoting and nurturing the physical and emotional safety of learners.

Standard Five: Graduating Teachers use evidence to promote learning

- a. systematically and critically engage with evidence to reflect on and refine their practice.
- b. gather, analyse and use assessment information to improve learning and inform planning.
- c. know how to communicate assessment information appropriately to learners, their parents/caregivers and staff.

Professional Values & Relationships

Standard Six: Graduating Teachers develop positive relationships with learners and the members of learning communities

- a. recognise how differing values and beliefs may impact on learners and their learning.
- b. have the knowledge and dispositions to work effectively with colleagues, parents/caregivers, families/whānau and communities.
- c. build effective relationships with their learners.
- d. promote a learning culture which engages diverse learners effectively.
- e. demonstrate respect for te reo Māori me ngā tikanga-a-iwi in their practice.

Standard Seven: Graduating Teachers are committed members of the profession

- a. uphold the Teaching Council's Code of Ethics/Ngā Tikanga Matatika.
- b. have knowledge and understanding of the ethical, professional and legal responsibilities of teachers.
- c. work co-operatively with those who share responsibility for the learning and wellbeing of learners.
- d. are able to articulate and justify an emerging personal, professional philosophy of teaching and learning.